

1.5 Properties of Real Numbers

Solutions

Use the commutative property of addition or the commutative property of multiplication to rewrite in an equivalent form.	
1. $4 + 20 = 20 + 4$	2. $3 + x$
3. $x \cdot 5 = 5x$	4. yx
Use the associative property of addition or the associative property of multiplication to rewrite in an equivalent form. Simplify if possible.	
5. $(x + 5) + 7 = x + (5 + 7)$ $= x + 12$	6. $a + (b + c)$
7. $-3(4a) = (-3 \cdot 4)a$ $= -12a$	8. $(-9x)y$
Use commutative and/or associative properties to simplify.	
9. $(4 + x) + 5 = x + (4 + 5)$ $= x + 9$	10. $(-2 + x) + 7$
11. $12\left(\frac{3}{4}x\right) = \left(12 \cdot \frac{3}{4}\right) \cdot x = 9x$	12. $15\left(-\frac{3}{5}a\right)$
13. $6x(-2) = (6 \cdot -2)x$ $= -12x$	14. $-5y(-5)$
Answers: 1. $20 + 4$; 3. $5x$; 5. $x + 12$; 7. $-12a$; 9. $x + 9$; 11. $9x$; 13. $-12x$	

Multiply by using the distributive property, $a(b + c) = ab + ac$.	
<p>15. $4(3x + 5y) = 4 \cdot 3x + 4 \cdot 5y$ $= 12x + 20y$</p>	<p>16. $4(3x - 5y)$</p>
<p>17. $-6(-3x + 4) = -6 \cdot -3x + -6 \cdot 4$ $= 18x + -24$ $= 18x - 24$</p>	<p>18. $-5(2x + 7)$</p>
<p>19. $-3(x - 5y + 1)$ $= -3 \cdot x + -3 \cdot -5y + -3 \cdot 1$ $= -3x + 15y + -3$ $= -3x + 15y - 3$</p>	<p>20. $3(x - 5y + 1)$</p>
<p>21. $-1(7r + 3) = -1 \cdot 7r + -1 \cdot 3$ $= -7r + -3$ $= -7r - 3$</p>	<p>22. $-1(7r - 3)$</p>
<p>23. $-(7r + 3) = -1 \cdot (7r + 3)$ $= -1 \cdot 7r + -1 \cdot 3$ $= -7r + -3$ $= -7r - 3$</p>	<p>24. $-(7r - 3)$</p>
<p>25. $(-3a + 5)(2) = 2 \cdot -3a + 2 \cdot 5$ $= -6a + 10$</p>	<p>26. $(-3a + 5)(-2)$</p>
<p>Answers: 17. $12x + 20y$; 17. $18x - 24$; 19. $-3x + 15y - 3$; 21. $-7r - 3$; 23. $-7r - 3$; 25. $-6a + 10$</p>	

Match the letter of the property to the appropriate problem number.

- a) commutative property of addition
- b) commutative property of multiplication
- c) associative property of addition
- d) associative property of multiplication

- e) distributive property
- f) additive identity
- g) multiplicative identity
- h) additive inverse property
- i) multiplicative inverse property

27. $x \cdot 3 = 3x$ **b**
 commutative property of multiplication

28. $(x + 7) + 4 = x + (7 + 4)$ _____

29. $x \cdot 1 = x$ **g**
 multiplicative identity

30. $-2(5x) = (-2 \cdot 5)x$ _____

31. $-3 + 0 = -3$ **f**
 additive identity

32. $3 + -3 = 0$ _____

Find the additive inverse (opposite) and the multiplicative inverse (reciprocal)

	Opposite	Reciprocal		Opposite	Reciprocal
33. $\frac{2}{3}$	$-\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{3}{2}$	34. $-\frac{3}{4}$		
35. $-\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{1}{5}$	$-\frac{5}{1} = -5$	36. 5		
37. x	$-x$	$\frac{1}{x}$	38. $-x$		

Answers: 27. b; 29. g; 31. f; 33. $-\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{3}{2}$; 35. $\frac{1}{5}$, -5; 37. $-x$, $\frac{1}{x}$