5.5 Choosing a Factoring Method

Name

Select which description matches each of the following polynomial types.

- (a) Trinomial with no Greatest Common Factor
- (d) Difference of Squares
- **(b)** Trinomial with Greatest Common Factor
- (e) Sum of Cubes
- (c) Polynomial with Four Terms
- (f) Prime Binomial

1.
$$4x^2 - 25$$

2.
$$2x^2 + 3x - 5$$

3.
$$ax - 2x + 3a - 6$$

4.
$$27x^3 + 64$$

5.
$$x^2 + 16$$

6.
$$3x^2 + 6x - 45$$

Select the phrase that correctly completes each of the following statements.

- (a) try to factor by grouping or by the box method
- **(b)** rewrite the middle term as a sum of two terms and then factor the polynomial with 4 terms
- (c) try to factor out a GCF

- (d) difference of squares or sum or difference of cubes
- (e) see if anything factors further
- (f) multiply the factors to verify that the product is equal to the original polynomial
- The first step you should take when factoring a polynomial is to . .
- **8.** For a binomial with no common factors, determine if it is a . .
- For a polynomial with 4 terms having 9. no common factor .
- **10.** To check that you have factored a polynomial correctly, ______.
- One possible method for factoring a 11. trinomial is to ______.
- **12.** After factoring a polynomial, you should _____.

Answers: 1. (d); 3. (c); 5. (f); 7. (c); 9. (a); 11. (b)

Factor and malamamial completely	
Factor each polynomial completely. 13. $2x^2 - 128$	1
13. $2x^2 - 128$	14. $6x^2 - 54$
17 2 2 162	1.6 2 2 10
15. $2x^2 + 162$	16. $3x^2 + 48$
2	
17. $x^2 - 11x + 24$	18. $x^2 + 11x - 12$
10 27 3	3 0
19. $27x^3 + 1$	20. $a^3 + 8$
1	
Answers: 13. $2(x+8)(x-8)$; 15. $2(x^2+81)$; 17. $(x-3)$	$(x-8)$; 19 . $(3x+1)(9x^2-3x+1)$

Factor each polynomial completely.	
21. $4ax - 15 + 6a - 10x$	22. $2x^2 + x - 9 - 18x$
$21. 4\alpha\lambda - 15 + 6\alpha - 16\lambda$	22. 2x + x = y = 10x
23. $6x^2 + x - 7$	24. $2x^2 - 11x - 6$
23. Ox 1 x 7	24. 2 <i>x</i> 11 <i>x</i> 0
25. $x^4 - 16$	26. $x^4 - y^4$
23. x = 10	20. x - y
27. $x^6 - 1$	28. $64 - y^6$
	20. UT <i>y</i>

Answers: **21.** (2a-5)(2x+3); **23**. (6x+7)(x-1); **25**. $(x^2+4)(x+2)(x-2)$; **27**. $(x+1)(x^2-x+1)(x-1)(x^2+x+1)$